# Design and implementation of mission-oriented research and innovation DOICIES

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- 1. Definition, functions and design principles
- 2. Typology of mission oriented policies
- 3. 3 examples of mission-oriented policy
- 4. Challenges and opportunities
- 5. MOIP national trajectories



## DEFINITION, FUNCTIONS AND DESIGN PRINCIPLES



### What are Mission-oriented innovation policies?

A co-ordinated package of initiatives (policy, regulatory, platforms,...) tailored specifically to mobilise science, technology and innovation in order to address a societal challenge.

- is aimed towards ambitious and concrete goals...
- ... to be met in a defined time-frame
- spans several stages of the innovation cycle from research to demonstration and market launch
- crosses various siloes (disciplines, sectors, policy areas, etc.)
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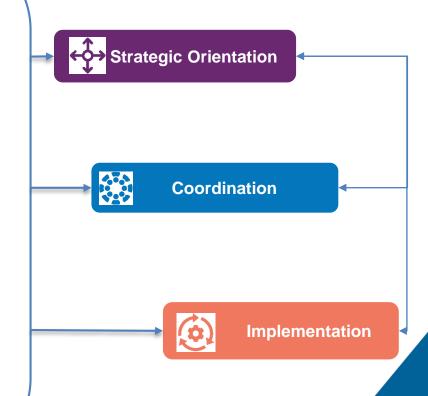




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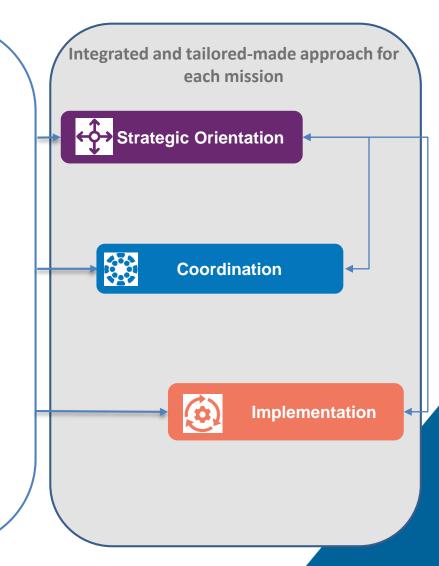




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How to align the plans and commitments of public and private actors beyond disciplinary, sectoral and policy silos around the commonly agreed missions?



Setting of a dedicated structure of governance and leadership (e.g. interdepartmental coordination group, dedicated mission manager, etc.)



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**Policy implementation** 

How to implement bundles of complementary policy and regulatory instruments to achieve the commonly agreed mission?



Implementation of a tailormade policy mix

(drawing on / using various instruments, funding streams,...)



## TYPOLOGY OF MISSION ORIENTED POLICIES



Type		Selected cases	Risks / Challenges
	Overarching mission-oriented strategic frameworks	<ul> <li>Horizon Europe's missions [EU]</li> <li>Mission-driven Top Sectors policy [NL]</li> <li>HTS2025 [DE]</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Mission dilution</li><li>Mission umbrella / lack of integration</li><li>Mission inflation</li></ul>



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<b>†</b>	Thematic mission- oriented programmes	<ul><li>Mobility of the Future [AT]</li><li>CLIMIT [NO]</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Limited impulse for change / limited mission orientation</li> </ul>



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	Ecosystem- based mission programmes	<ul><li>Vision-Driven innovation milieus [SE]</li><li>Growth engines [FI]</li></ul>	Risk of capture by powerful incumbents



## 3 EXAMPLES OF MISSION-ORIENTED POLICY



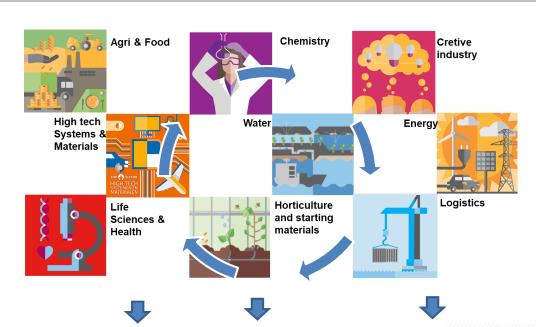
### Mission-driven Top Sectors



### Basic principles

- Initiated in 2011, became mission-driven in 2018
- 25 missions in 4 challenge areas
- Different Top Sectors cooperates to develop strategic agendas (IKIAs), with a clearly identified leader
- The IKIAs include concrete Multi-year mission-driven innovation programs (MMIPs) for each of the 25 missions.

9 top sectors



4 strategic agendas



Energy transition & sustainability



Agriculture, water & food



Health and care



Security



Overarching mission-oriented strategic framework

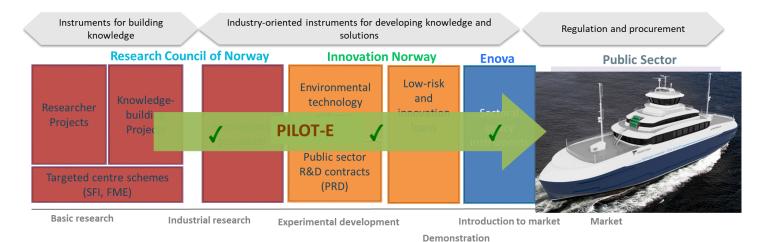




- Research Council of Norway
  - Innovation Norway
    - Enova

### Basic principles

- Launched in 2016, development of low or zero emission technologies/vehicles
- 3 agencies working together: joint AAP development, tripartite coordination, collective monitoring and evaluation
- Selection of projects including the demand component





Challenge-based programmes and schemes

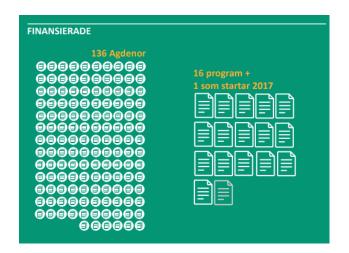


## Strategic Innovation Programmes



### Basic principles

- Launched in 2012
- Co-creation of strategic roadmaps by ecosystem actors
- 2-step process (development of roadmaps / implementation of projects to achieve the roadmap)





#### Bioinnovation >

Promotes a bio-based economy with the goal of creating conditions for value added and competitiveness by 2050.



#### Drive Sweden >

Creates the mobility services of the future based on connected, self-driving and shared vehicles



#### InfraSweden2030 >

Supports innovative products and production methods for a climate-smart transport infrastructure.



#### Innovair >

Strengthens the aerospace technology area through increased collaboration, research and information dissemination.



#### Internet of things >

Works for Sweden to become a leader in utilizing the benefits of having things and people equipped with built-in sensors.



#### Medtech4Health >

Works to implement more medical technology ideas, streamline healthcare and strengthen the medical technology industry.



#### Metallic materials >

Creates conditions for exploiting the global opportunities for the metal industry.



#### PiiA: Process industrial automation >

Strengthens the Swedish process industry and develops the innovation capacity of the industry's suppliers.



**Ecosystem-based mission programmes** 



## CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES

MISSION-ORIENTED POLICIES

FOR NET ZERO



















## Overall challenges

## How systemic / transformative?

Most MOIPs pick problems, not solutions but remain limited to scientific/technological solutions!

#### What scope and granularity?

Missions must be consistent with the resources and capacity of the country/region/city



Strategic orientation



Policy coordination



Policy implementation

#### How many real missions?

Very few initiatives have set 'real' missions (bold, targeted, measureable, time-bound, etc.)
Significant mission washing or mission dilution

#### What definition process?

Sequential process of mission definition, with gradual narrowing down of directions
What role and influence of stakeholder consultation? Of Foresight?



### Overall challenges

What costs and benefits of broad and inclusive governance?

Elaborated multi-level ('nested') governance structure generates important transaction cost and coordination fatigue



Strategic orientation



Policy coordination



Policy implementation

Where to anchor the missions? Still driven by public bodies in charge of STI policies, sectoral ministries on the passenger seat

How to connect missions to the rest of the policy landscape?

Missions must be fed with investigator – led research and key enabling technologies which are by nature (and must remain) non mission oriented



### Overall challenges

## How to implement portfolio management?

Portfolio management requires additional resources and different practices, selection and evaluation criteria, mindsets..

How to evaluate the additionnality of missions?

MOIPs still rely on traditional (non-systemic) evaluation tools and methods – limited lessons learned



Strategic orientation



Policy coordination



Policy implementation

How to practically connect the supply-side and demand-side policy instruments?

The 'instrument packages' are still not well integrated



## NATIONAL MOIP TRAJECTORIES

- MOIPs are deeply embedded in national institutional setting
- Countries are a continuously learning about MOIPs as they implement them





MOIP led by lower level of the STI system 1. Top-down and center-of-government led (ex: Japan, Korea)

2. Overarching strategy-based (Germany, Netherlands)

3. Thematic and continuous (ex: Austria, France)

4. Bottom-up and agency-led (Norway, Sweden)

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Specific national

mission trajectories

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Streamlining mission orientation

Delegating the MOIPs that have proved successful to interministerial structures

Focusing mission orientation

Concentrating the MOIP efforts towards a narrower number of priorities and missions

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Levelling-up mission orientation

Developing higher level and more comprehensive MOIPs, with implication of center-of-government and/or ministries

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Scaling-up mission orientation

Adapting and adopting existing thematic MOIP schemes in other challenge areas



## The Mission Action Lab



- •A cross-directorate partnership (STI, GOV, DCD) to pool OECD resources and expertise in MOIPs to better advise governments in defining, setting up and governing missions
  - > MOIP needs assessment survey
  - MOIP training materials an self-assessment tool under development
  - > Study on MOIP evaluation
  - ➤ Large-scale projects on missions (DG RTD, DG Reform,...)



## Many thanks for your attention

Le 'Toolkit MOIP' en ligne https://stip-pp.oecd.org/stip/moip



Explorable dashboards Policy learning Hub



**OECD** publishing



CHALLENGES, OPPORTUNITIES AND FUTURE OPTIONS

OECD SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND INDUSTRY POLICY PAPERS



**OECD** publishing

#### MISSION-ORIENTED **INNOVATION POLICY IN JAPAN**

CHALLENGES, OPPORTUNITIES

AND INDUSTRY **POLICY PAPERS** 

#### Welcome to the OECD Mission-Oriented Innovation policies online toolkit

This explorable guide helps policy makers design and implement Mission-oriented innovation policies. With the support of policy makers and building on partnerships with selected institutions, this toolkit aims to become the reference platform for all those who set up, implement or research and advise on mission-oriented innovation policies.

Explorable dashboards



Ongoing work:



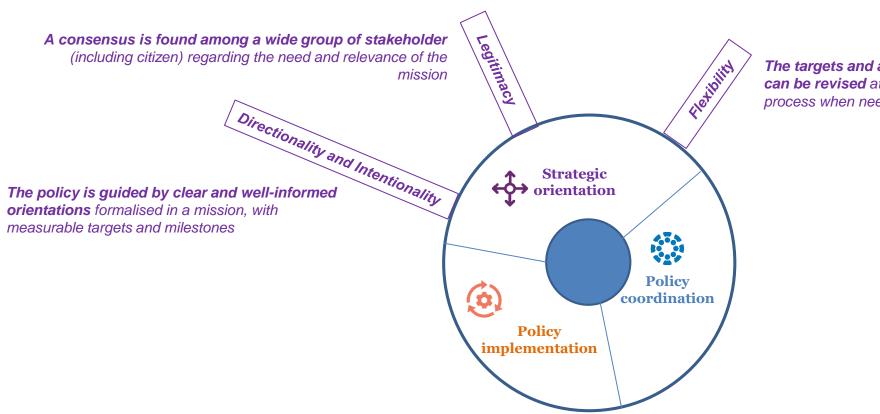
Forthcoming MOIP national studies: Austria, Korea, Lithuania



**Publications** 



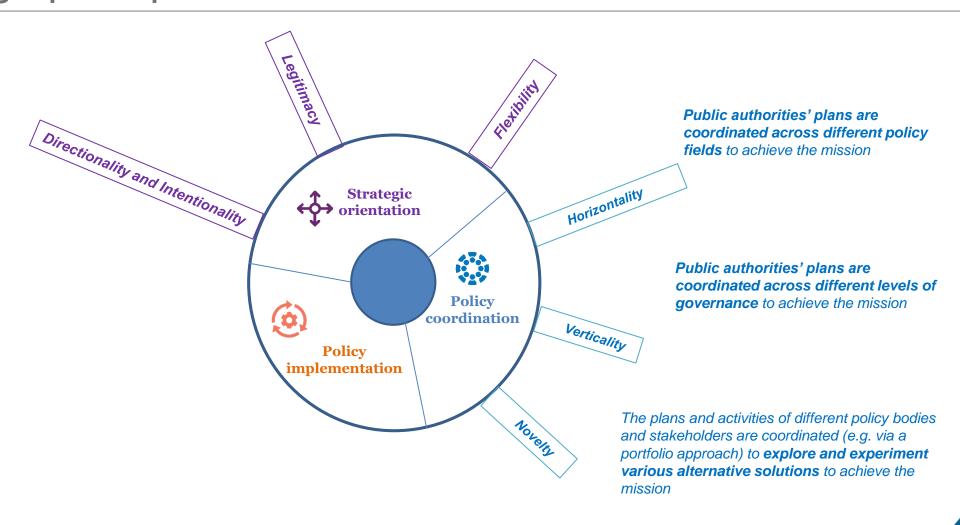
## What are mission-oriented innovation policies generic design principles?



The targets and activities to achieve them can be revised at different stages of the process when needed

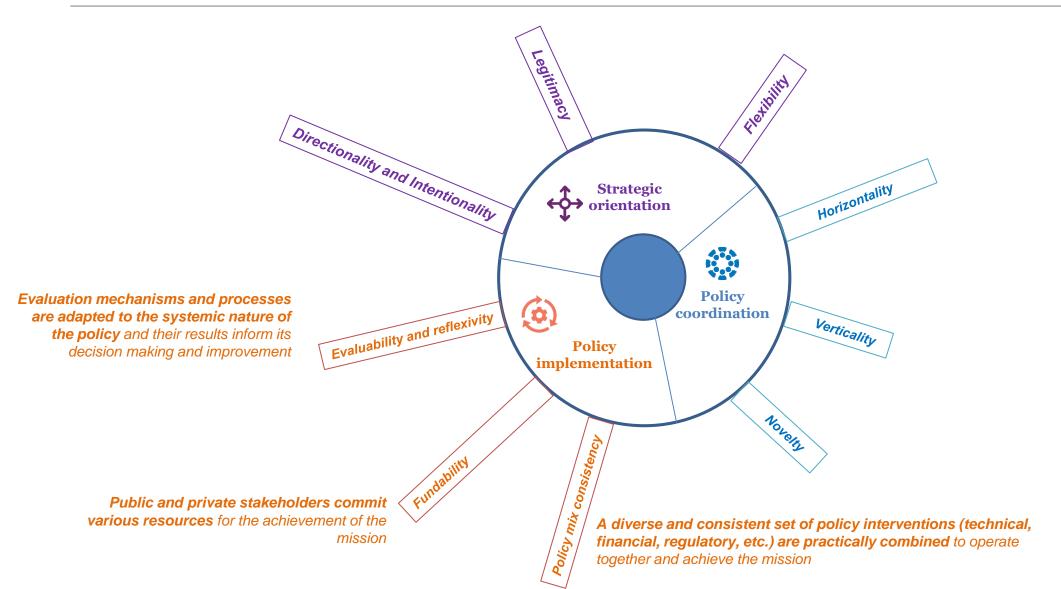


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## Mission-driven Top Sectors



#### Benefits

- Targeted approach towards clear goals
- Cross-sectoral cooperation to address societal challenges
- Broad policy coordination (beyond STI)
- Strong and formal engagement of public and private stakeholders (4-year Knowledge and Innovation Covenant (KIC) 2020-2023)









#### Benefits

- Acceleration (fast track) of projects from research to deployment
- More strategic (hands-on) approach to project portfolios
- Virtual Single Window
- Portfolio management
- Synergies between funding instruments of the 3 agencies

Supply

Car ferries

Siemens
0-emission offshore
wind service ship

Passenger ferries Wartsila Urban Water Shuttle



Kongsberg 0-emission autonom ferry



Fiskarstrand
World first
Hydrogen ferry

**Battery electric** 

Hydrogen battery electric

• Model replicated in other fields (Pilot-H, Pilot-T, Biooeco initiative, Green innovation Platform)



Challenge-based programmes and schemes



## Strategic Innovation Programmes



#### Benefits

- Involvement of all actors in the definition of roadmaps
- State commitment to finance projects according to selected roadmaps
- Long-term approach
- Each SIP has its own governance and management structure, with the involvement of ecosystem players
- Management of AAPs by each program (with the agencies concerned)mobilization of the ecosystem, collective approach



